670/Chem. 22-23 / 61417

B.Sc. Semester-VI Examination, 2022-23 CHEMISTRY [Honours]

Course ID: 61417 Course Code: SH/CHEM/604/DSE-4
Course Title: Polymer Chemistry

Time: 1 Hour 15 Minutes Full Marks: 25

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

1. Answer any **five** of the following questions:

$$1 \times 5 = 5$$

- a) Write the name of one natural polymer.
- b) Mention the molecular forces present in polymers.
- c) Write the common and IUPAC name of the following polymer:

$$\begin{bmatrix}
H & CH_3 \\
C - C \\
H & CO_2CH_3
\end{bmatrix}_1$$

d) What is 'glass transition temperature' of polymers?

- e) Give an example of initiator for radical polymerization.
- f) Which factor is responsible for Crystallinity in nylon 6,6 polymer?
- g) What is Conducting Polymer? Give one example.
- h) Mention one method for determination of 'Number Average Molecular Weight' of polymers.
- 2. Answer any **two** of the following questions:

$$5 \times 2 = 10$$

- a) i) Discuss the morphology of Crystalline Polymers.
 - ii) Differentiate between Novalac resin and Bakelite. 2+3=5
- b) What is Number average and Weight average molecular weight? How they are related with each other? 3+2=5
- Show that the rate of free radical polymerization process is dependent on the rate constant of these three steps (Initiation, Propagation and Termination) and concentration of monomer and initiator.

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- d) What are thermosetting polymers? What are elastomers? Cite one inorganic colorant used in polymer processing.
 2+2+1=5
- 3. Answer any **one** of the following questions:

$$10 \times 1 = 10$$

- a) i) What is meant by condensation polymerization? Discuss its mechanism and kinetics with one example.
 - ii) Derive the following expressions for the entropy of mixing of a polymer solution when n₂ moles of polymer is added to n₁ moles of a solvent, using Flory-Huggins Model:

$$\Delta S_{\text{mix}} = -R \left[n_1 \ln \Phi_1 + n_2 \ln \Phi_2 \right]$$

where Φ_1 and Φ_2 are the volume fractions of the solvent and polymer respectively.

$$(1+4)+5=10$$

b) Describe the preparation and one important application of the following polymers:

$$2 \times 5 = 10$$

- i) Poly (vinyl acetate)
- ii) Poly (methyl methacrylate) (PMMA)
- iii) Nylon 6

- iv) Acrylic polymer
- v) Polyaniline
